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LOCAL NOTICES.

Daily Prayer Meeting

From 11 A. M. to 12 M., at the Methodist Church, Fifth street, next to the Custom office.

The Latest.

Ben Butler's speech,
Can't compare with mine,
What is impeach
The Johnson throng
Ought to all be hung
Over a gate
Such as Andy.

Their cause is foul,
And may be soon,
Just as dead
As Julius Cæsar.
Paint Paint is just the family.

To prove tough,
Or to be Thomas,
When used for leather
Or for Johnsons,
You can make Paint with Andy.

Now all convene,
Be hanged if absent,
And Johnson,
Andy Stone,
Will be well
With Pain Paint fixed and happy.

Dr. Wagner's Pain Paint, properly used relieves all pain without a doubt. His assistant is in the store to explain its use to buyers. Sold by druggist and others generally.

H. E. SAMPSON, Agent.

Shawls, New Shawls.

At Barker's.

For Fine White Lead

And Platform and Counter Scales, Varnishes of all grades, Flooring in the store, No. 70 Market street, to the place to get the cheapest.

Bed Quilts, Fine Assortment, at $2 25

At Barker's.

Fine Lasting Glasses.

Mount, Root, Shuter & Farmer, No. 70 Wood street, have just received a large invoice of fine lasting Glasses of every shape of the latest style. Call and examine our stock and prices.

Linen Towels Good Quality, 12½ c

At Barker's.

Picture Frames

Every style of Picture Frame can be had at Mount, Root, Shuter & Farmer's, No. 70 Wood street, Smithfield Hall. The newest designs always on hand.

Hermann Lauer Manufacturing Co

At Barker's.

Oil Paintings.

Photograph Views Colored, &c., at Root, Shuter & Farmer's, No. 70 Wood street, Smithfield Hall.

Ladies' and Children's Hose 12½ c

At Barker's.

Insurance Removed.

The Hartford Fire Insurance Company have removed their office to the new building of Messrs. Reed, Stewart & Co., No. 84 Fourth street, next to the Post Office, where all their business will be transacted.

Superior Shirting Muslins, 12½ c

At Barker's.

Gray's Institute

for boys and girls. Session will commence Monday, April 14th. Institute Rooms, Neville Block, No. 1 Fourth street.

New Prints and Figured Chintzes.

At Barker's.

Patent Medicines.

For all genuine Patent Medicines, at low prices, go to Mount, Root, Shuter & Farmer's, 70 Wood street, and if you will come quickly.

Pugsley, all Colors.

At Barker's.

Burglars Caught.

Dismay of the Fair, enchanting Duchess, Discovered in the act of stealing the heart of the Count.

Spring Poplins, Beautiful Colors.

At Barker's.

Havana Tobacco.

Varas, New York State, Connecticut, Leaf Tobacco, Cigars of Justly Celebrated Brands, New York Cut Plug, Fine Cut, Smoking, Cavendish, Navy Plug, Natural Leaf, Solace, Sweet Scented Snuff, Pittsburgh.

Dry Goods at Wholesale.

We are offering full sheet of Bleached and Brown Muslins, Prints, Ticks, Ginghams, and other staple goods, at lowest prices. Call and examine our stock. P. C. Barker & Co., No. 56 Market street.

Choice Spices, Spring Delicacies, &c

At Barker's.

Price Paint.

Price Paint.
Price Paint.
Price Paint.

The Daily Commercial

FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1868.

THE COMMERCIAL is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one-fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all of the news of the day.

In proof of the ultimate placing on the market reports of the COMMERCIAL, we will state that they are regularly copied by the New York Economist, Shipping List, Iron Age, and other papers of like character in that and other cities, and that leading English commercial papers and circulars regularly reprint them with credit. There is within the limited radius, hardly an Iron Factory, Oil Refinery, or leading manufactory of any kind that is not a subscriber to the COMMERCIAL, principally because its reports are the only full and reliable given of the Pittsburgh markets.

CROP AND FRUIT PROSPECT.

Our friends everywhere will confer a favor by writing us briefly concerning the grain and fruit prospect, and the farming and business prospect generally. We shall be obliged for any item of local interest that may be within their knowledge.

THE Hon. LUKE POLAND, of Vermont, has addressed a letter to the Governor of that State on the subject of impeachment, a which he expresses the belief that Mr. Johnson will be figured. Mr. POLAND gives expression to the settled conviction of the country when he says:

> "To our mind there are here, in our opinion, ample grounds for impeachment with any person in office. Persistent with any persistent efforts to thwart the will of the people, as expressed by their representatives in Congress, is the highest crime and misdemeanor which can be committed against the people and the government of the country."

The distinguished representative from Vermont concludes as follows:

> "The result cannot, I think, be doubted. We have already had one year of this conflict, and the people have had time to reflect, and understand the merits of the controversy. I therefore believe that the next Congress will impeach the President, and that he will be convicted and removed from office. I therefore believe that the next Congress will impeach the President, and that he will be convicted and removed from office. I therefore believe that the next Congress will impeach the President, and that he will be convicted and removed from office."

In appointing a straightforward, capable and energetic man Governor of Virginia, in the place of FRANCO, whose term expired, General SCHOFIELD has won the applause of all who desire to see something like those qualities infused into the management of the affairs of that State. Mr. WALKER, on whom the appointment has been conferred, is described as possessing them to a degree that renders the appointment one eminently proper. Moreover, although having no claim to the office, of course feels deeply injured, and all the Rivercrats from one end of the State to the other are in a flame. The rebel press, we perceive, is engaged in stimulating the rage of the disappointed, and we should not be surprised should some of the latter be found manifesting their consistency in a manner peculiar to disappointed office seekers. Gen. GRANT when appealed to to set aside the action of Gen. SCHOFIELD, asked the gentlemen making the complaint to put it in writing, when he would give it attention; but they declined to comply with a request so reasonable, and the General probably came to the conclusion, as will most of fair minded men, that the appointment was a good one.

WHENEVER the last week Mr. CHASE has declared that he does not seek the Presidency. So one after another of the competitors of Gen. GRANT retires from the field, not as the result of efforts put forth by him or his friends but in obedience to overwhelming popular sentiment. It is a victory won by constant manifestation of good sense, and office seekers, and all who entertain the purpose of some day running for office, would do well to take Gen. GRANT for their model. The most that Gen. GRANT has ever said in regard to the Presidency, in that it, without any act, backing like a bid of his, the people desire him to take the high place, he would not decline it. His acts—all in the strict performance of his duty, and not a single thing for effect—have convinced the Republican party, and thousands of others besides, that he is the best man; indeed, so overwhelming has popular sentiment become in his favor that he is strongly than party, and any attempt to put in operation against him machinery controlled by politicians would be perfectly futile. One by one competitors have withdrawn, and with Mr. SEWARD the last objector has retired.

THE spirit which prevails in the Southern Georgia especially—can be inferred from the following from the Savannah *News and Herald*, of the fourth instant, commenting on the murder of ASHBURN. It comes so near the hell which immediately preceded the rebellion, that it might be taken for something written about that time:

> We are pleased to see the article from the New Orleans Times and Tribune, copied this morning from the columns of the Savannah News and Herald, calling the attention of the people of this State to the necessity of prompt and vigorous action in the matter of the murder of Mr. ASHBURN, and the arrest and punishment of the murderers. The Governor will no doubt, in accordance with the wishes of the people, offer a reward for the apprehension of the murderers, and we hope that the Legislature will promptly pass the necessary bill to enable the Governor to do so. We understand that the Governor has been waiting for the passage of such a bill, before offering a reward, and that he will offer one immediately after the passage of the bill. We hope that the Legislature will not delay the passage of the bill, as the murderers will probably escape if the Governor does not offer a reward for their apprehension. We understand that the Governor has been waiting for the passage of such a bill, before offering a reward, and that he will offer one immediately after the passage of the bill. We hope that the Legislature will not delay the passage of the bill, as the murderers will probably escape if the Governor does not offer a reward for their apprehension.

Mr. SEWARD, with his approbation, it is said, has been suggested for the position of Secretary of State in Mr. WADE's Cabinet, and Mr. BOUTWELL has been suggested for Mr. SUMNER's place in the Senate; and the Massachusetts politicians are active in arranging the succession, all the way down to town constable. The distinguished "Massachusetts Senator," standing at the head, of course creates a commotion when he moves. But we doubt whether anything of the kind is going to take place. Mr. SUMNER, at least so he will think, can not be spared permanently from the Senate. We doubt, too, whether it would accord with his ambition to make the change, even if he could, and run the risk at the end of a Presidential term, or sooner, of becoming a private citizen. It is to be presumed that, at the very least, Mr. SUMNER would require to be assured that if he resigns to go into the WADE Cabinet, Gen. GRANT, when he succeeds, will continue him. To obtain this assurance will probably prove the hardest part of the bargain. There are a variety of reasons for this. In the first place, it is hardly probable that Mr. SUMNER is the kind of man Gen. GRANT would select for that or any position in his Cabinet. The disposition to domineer, and the lack of the amount of common sense which Gen. GRANT seeks for when selecting men for leading positions, would scarcely qualify the Senator for the head of the General's administration. On the whole, unless Mr. SUMNER feels like being Secretary for a year, it is not very probable that he will go into the WADE Cabinet.

WHAT at first, under the cognomen of the *Ku-Klux Klan*, was supposed to be but unorganized gangs of stragglers—principally in certain parts of Tennessee and Georgia—has become developed as a powerful and extensive organization of desperate characters, spreading all over the South, as rebellious as ever, and ready for any thing that is bad, if only directed against Union men, more especially those of original Union sentiments. The debasing and cruel murder of Mr. ASHBURN, in Georgia, the particulars of which were given in our paper of yesterday, shows what the character of this already numerous and growing organization is.

It has been foreseen that the anarchy which, in certain regions of the South, has so long prevailed, would develop itself in some such form as this. It has been understood, however, that the total withdrawal of the military would be followed by no

THE VICE PRESIDENCY.

Almost the only interest attaching to the Chicago Convention, so far as any contest as to candidates is concerned, relates to the Vice Presidency. In having been claimed that Mr. WADE would have the Western States almost in a body, the dumbs put forth and operated on that point, coupled with the statement that Mr. CHASE will have the West in his favor, are important. In the Chicago *Tribune*, of a few days since, we find an editorial article on this subject—little which rather more of the spirit of denunciation is thrown, than, as it occurs to us, is wise just now in the discussion of the question—which takes the ground that Mr. WADE has not the confidence of the Republican party. Without intending to indorse the opinions held by our contemporary concerning Mr. WADE, we quote so much of the *Tribune's* article, as follows, to give our readers some idea of the way the leading Republican paper in the West discusses this subject:

> As President of the United States, one duty of Mr. WADE will be to select a Cabinet to act with that of Andrew Johnson. To make this President-pro-tempore of the Senate President, is to surrender the executive administration with WADE's cabinet, or to compel the resignation of the entire Cabinet, and fill the vacancies with men in sympathy with the President-pro-tempore. Either course would be a confession of the failure of Congress to control the Executive, and would be a virtual surrender of the whole question at issue between Congress and the President. Moreover, the Senate would be in session, and the President-pro-tempore would be the President of the Senate, and not of the country. Under the circumstances, it would be impossible for him to act as President of the United States, and the Senate would be without a presiding officer. The Senate would not elect a President-pro-tempore, because it would not be necessary. The Senate would elect a President-pro-tempore, because it would not be necessary. The Senate would elect a President-pro-tempore, because it would not be necessary.

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THE CROP PROSPECT

Elsewhere we give the latest intelligence of the fruit and grain prospect in our own and other States. Since the contributions contained therein were arranged, there have been heavier frosts, and the injury to the fruit and grain may be more extensive. A heavy and general frost in Alabama Tuesday, is reported to have injured the young corn, cotton and fruits, while a similar visitation in the vicinity of Nashville, Tennessee, blighted the fruit crop. It should be borne in mind, however, that very little of even the early varieties of fruit has blossomed, owing to the backwardness of the season, and it may be that the injury is not so great as represented. As our Jefferson county, Ohio, correspondent suggests, it would be well to wait until June before predicting the utter failure of the fruit crop.

How to Go West.

As many thousands of people are expected to go West this Spring and Summer, Col. A. K. McCLURE has written for and published in the *Tribune* sundry wholesome suggestions to emigrants. Persons who wish to start early in the Spring for Northern Dakota or Montana should go by rail to Chicago, and thence to Sioux city, where they will find a regular line of steamers to take them to Fort Benton, and from thence coaches leave tri-weekly for Helena, Montana. This route is said to be safe, is one-half cheaper, and will not require more than fifteen days longer to reach Virginia city or Helena than by overland coach. Those who wish to visit Denver, Cheyenne, Salt Lake, Nevada or California are recommended not to start earlier than the middle of May, on account of bad roads. They should go by rail to Chicago, Omaha and Cheyenne, and from thence by the daily line of coaches that reaches into every prominent point West and Southwest. By the Cheyenne route Denver can be reached from New York in five days, and by the St. Louis and Smoky Hill route in five days.

Persons travelling to the mountain territories for pleasure should start about the 1st of June and go by Cheyenne to Denver, from which point they can reach the leading mining regions of Colorado in a day by coach. From here they should go by coach to Salt Lake and from thence to Montana or Idaho by wagon, and return by boat from Fort Benton to Sioux City, where they are connected with the East by railroads. Summer clothing is not warmed. Persons should be worn next the skin, and woolen socks, woolen clothing, stout boots, a good overcoat and a pair of California blankets are indispensable to comfort, as the evenings are quite cold. Ladies should have good winter clothing, a heavy water-proof cloak, a quilted hood, and as few toilet articles as possible. Every tourist should be well provided with fire arms, a brace of revolvers and a fancy rifle—to meet danger should it arise.

THE joint resolutions passed by the Pennsylvania Legislature requesting the President to cause the government of St. Domingo to restore the island of Alta Vela, illustrates the power of gumo. In this bloodlust to assert the claim for which that eminent patriot Jeremiah Black is the attorney? If so, why not—provided there is enough guano to go round?

THE Hartford *Post* says the election of English, "makes him a prominent candidate for the Democratic Presidential nomination." He has had his eye that way for many months, and the Convention which nominated him this year took his prospects into consideration when the election of delegates to the National Convention was determined.

THE citizens of Zanesville, West Zanesville and Putnam, Ohio, voted on Monday on the subject of consolidation. The opposition in the two first named places to the measure was insignificant, but owing to the failure of the Putnam citizens to poll a majority of eight against it in a vote of two hundred and eighty-two.

THE Pennsylvania Legislature has passed a law for the preservation of fish in the streams throughout the State, and to the systematic stocking of the waters, and the propagation of fish in them.

A LETTER from Rome says: Rome is now perfectly fortified to resist a siege in form. The walls have been strengthened and repaired, bastions for musketry and embrasures for cannon have been placed at favorable points, and the French have for some time past been busily engaged in transporting to Rome from Civita Vecchia military material wherewith to furnish the works. Castle St. Angelo is in a condition to withstand, with a garrison of 1,000 men, a protracted siege of several months, so that the Pope and Cardinals can take refuge within it at any moment. The Pope, while indulging hope of the dismemberment of Italy, has not failed to consider the probability of a strict alliance between France and Italy, one condition of which would, of course, be the French possession of Italian ports in return for assistance to be rendered by Prussia. This alliance would both ill for the temporal power.

THE English Parliament is considering a Sunday law of some importance, looking to the suppression of drunkenness. There are 140,000 public houses in England and Wales, now open from early morning to midnight week days, and nine hours on Sundays. It is proposed to limit the time they are open on Sundays to two and a half hours—from 1 to 2:30 P. M., and from 9 to 11, with the further condition that the liquors sold during these limited hours shall not be drunk on the premises, but carried away to be safely divided with the wife and children. Travelers, however, wherever they may be, can have refreshments, and everybody can have drink with a meal.

SAYS a London letter: The leading political topic among all classes here is the impeachment of President Johnson, and every scrap of news from America is eagerly read. The new Prime Minister, Mr. DISRAELI, and the cabinet ministers, are on the side of the President and their organs are constantly commenting on the conduct of Congress as disgraceful; while the London radical organs are firm supporters of the American radicals, and the London *Times* is disposed to attach the President because he seems to have the losing side.

CROP CORRESPONDENCE.

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY, PA.
Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.
FRANKLIN, Pa., April 7, 1868.

In response to your invitation for reports on the condition of the crops, allow me to say that upon careful inquiry I am satisfied that fully four times the usual amount of wheat was sown last fall in this and the adjoining counties, and never promised a better yield than at present. Great preparations are being made to put in the spring crops. And now we look confidently to the not far distant time, when our county, instead of sending nearly a quarter of a million away for breadstuff and grain, will produce all that we need and have some to export.

JEFFERSON COUNTY, OHIO.
Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Commercial.
CROSS CREEK TOWNSHIP,
JEFFERSON Co., OHIO, April 8th, 1868.

Being a constant reader of the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL, I notice that you solicit information from all parts of the country, concerning the prospects of the wheat and fruit crops the coming season. As to the wheat in the ground the present spring, the prospect is not very promising in our county of Jefferson, Ohio. Some fields, it is true, look middling well, but it is the lowest number; many fields look bad, the wheat being thin and the color of last year, which was owing to several causes. And first—it was sown too late; the season being an uncommon dry one, wheat was long in the ground in many instances before it sprouted and came up, hence it had a poor chance to take root and stool before the hard freezing weather set in. In the second place, the want of sufficient snow to lie on the wheat fields as a protection against so much hard freezing, which did its share in injuring the wheat in the ground. And still another cause of injury to the wheat in the ground, and a prevailing one in this section of country, was: I am the fact that owing to the continued dry weather, farmers could not plow fallow land, too dry and hard, and therefore they were obliged to plow up and sow on such and wheat stubble ground, which not only has operated, for want of rest and manure, having been already too much cropped. It is hard to tell what damage may be done to the late wheat by fly, for as yet none are to be seen, so as to the fruit crop, I cannot say at present, further than that I believe the apples are so far safe. But the month of May, or rather the latter part of the month of May, is the time that the apple crop often causes the destruction of the apple crop. It will be time enough to speak of the safety of the fruit by June.

On looking over the DAILY COMMERCIAL for Monday, 6th instant, I noticed that your correspondent for Jefferson county, Ohio, of April 4th, 1868, tells us, "The wheat in the ground (Pea Ridge) looks fine—better than for many years." And so it may be almost any locality among the ridges more or less broken, the wheat may look well and promising, but on the flats and bottoms, where the water stands in the runs. But let him take out over the hills of the country and see the wheat on the clay lands and his tune will be altered. R. A. S.

The backwardness of the season has prevented the blossoming of a majority of the varieties of fruit. Referring to the frosts of the past few nights, a Cincinnati contemporary says:

> In a majority of cases throughout the country the fruit crop is not yet out of danger. Reports from Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, New York, and other States, indicate that the fruit crop is not yet out of danger. The Pittsburgh Daily Commercial, dated April 7th, says: "The

The Daily Commercial

The Poison of Rattlesnakes.

Dr. S. W. Mitchell, of Philadelphia, has just completed a second carefully conducted series of experiments upon the venom of the rattlesnake. The principal conclusions at which he arrives are as follows: 1st. There is no antidote to the poison, the remedies usually applied being useless or entirely useless. Carbonate acid, applied externally, sometimes delays the fatal result merely, however, by affecting the local circulation. Used internally, it, as well as the sulphides or hyposulphites of soda, are much recommended, have no antidotal power. 2d. The poison is absolutely harmless when swallowed. It is even given internally to many different animals, without any effect whatever, while several cases are known where alcoholic (we might perhaps, add nutritious) men have taken it themselves without injury. The inconvenient result is due to the fact that the poison is inoperative of passing through the mucous surfaces, as well as that it is so absorbed during digestion as to enter the blood as a harmless substance. Applied to the mucous surface of a pigeon or the conjunctiva of animals, it had excellent effect. 3d. The poison is not injurious to the salivary gland or to any other of its own species. This confirms the conclusions of Gerros, corroborating also the testimony of Charles Waterton, who made a very successful South American serpent bite itself, without injurious result to it. It is to be regretted that Dr. Mitchell pronounces against the value of any internal remedies, after a careful discussion of those most generally accepted. For the best treatment of a case of serpent poison we must refer to his memoir, merely remarking that he attaches considerable value to alcoholic stimulants, especially where the patient was misinformed as the time of being bitten.—*Phil. Ledger.*

What Came of a Photograph.

From the Cincinnati (O.) Paper.

A friend who knows whereof he speaks, gives us the particulars of a little bit of romance, the actors of which are residents of this county. Less than two years since, there arrived in the Eastern part of the county, from Switzerland, a young man of goodly appearance and fair educational acquirements. So well pleased was he with his new home, that he soon reported to his friends across the water the many advantages that are found, indiscriminate immigrant found here. A young lady in Switzerland—an entire stranger to him—hearing from a lady friend of his happy situation in America, wrote to him through friends that she would like to visit his adopted home, and along with the letter she forwarded her photograph.

He was pleased with the picture—the features were fair to look upon, and the letter indicated a well educated mind, so he sent her his photograph. Time commenced a correspondence that in a few months ripened into a warm attachment between the man who had learned to love, though had never seen, and a friend she addressed the last of October at Tuscola, Douglas County, where her unknown lover and her self-invited guest met. Both were strangers to each other, and both seemingly as happy as it there had been ever parents' courtship.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

DR. MEDALIA'S HONEY COUGH BALM is the only medicine known that will give instant relief to Consumptives. It possesses remarkable healing qualities, and the efficient manner in which it allays any other cough remedy ever brought before the public.

TRY THE PATENT LAUNDRY BLUEING BAG.—A perfectly pure soluble Indigo Blue. Superior result others in economy and convenience. Each Bag in a neat Box. Price 10 and 20 cents. Sold by grocers, Druggists, and Fancy Goods dealers generally, 106 and 108 Fulton street, New York. 37

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

ATTENTION!

GRAND OPENING.

Reineman, Meyran & Siedle

NO. 42 FIFTH STREET.

WILL OPEN THEIR

New Jewelry Store

ON MONDAY, APRIL 6th.

THE NEW ESTABLISHMENT WILL BE OPENED ON A SCALE OF

Increased Splendor.

Determined that the public should lose nothing by the change, the firm has secured a large addition to their present stock, and the Ware Rooms will present such superior to any heretofore shown in this city. WE WILL KEEP A FULL AND GRAND ASSORTMENT OF

GOLD AND SILVER GOODS

Of Every Description. Also, a Full Line of

DIAMOND JEWELRY,

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN

WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Plated Ware, &c.

Owing to the GREAT FACILITIES the Firm are able to sell goods at the

Most Moderate Prices

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W. H. BRILL & CO.,

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS, have just completed a capacious room, of convenient access for Druggists, Physicians and Country Dealers, for the sale of their goods. Agents for the Patent Medicines, such as Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer, Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment, Sands' Sarsaparilla, Brandreth's Pills, Pain Killer, &c., which we offer at Proprietors' lowest cash prices. 22 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny, and 108 and 110 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh. Pennsylvania Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

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AGENTS FOR J. SCHOONMAKER & SONS'

Strictly Pure White Lead,

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A general assortment of Goods suitable for Druggists, Physicians and Country Dealers.

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Choice No. 1 Spring Wheat,

In Store and to arrive, and for sale by

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WILL BE OPENED ON OR ABOUT

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WITH AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

HATS, CAPS,

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Fine Furnishing Goods.

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FRESH STOCK.

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Made specially for the United States. Special orders for the best white Kids delivered at counter notice. Undressed, Roseery, Unions, etc. All at popular prices.

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A PERFECT FITTING GLOVE

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Which is now complete with every color and shade. They have just opened 1000 DOZEN of the celebrated

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IMPORTED EXPRESSLY TO OUR ORDER. Hundreds of our customers can testify to their good fit, durability and quality. The colors were got up from shades of those materials selected and furnished by us, and are

REALLY ELEGANT AND DESIRABLE.

The assortment includes

BLACK, WHITE, DARK, OPERA, MODES AND CREAM OF FIRST QUALITY,

SIZES, 5½ TO 8½.

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SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE,

Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion purposes. Also, extensively for Ladies and Women's private use.

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SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE,

PORT & WINE OF 1865.

This newly established native Wine is made from the juice of the Grape, (Vitis) known in this country, as the Port Grape, and is manufactured by the same process as the pure juice of the grape, produced under Dr. Speer's personal supervision, in the purity and genuineness of which the most implicit confidence may be placed. The strongest evidence can be given of the genuine character, and the wonderful medicinal properties of this Wine, and its use is recommended by the most eminent Physicians in the United States. It is particularly adapted to the aged and debilitated, and is confined to the sick and afflicted. Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Speer's Port Grape Wine is for sale by Druggists generally throughout the United States, and is kept in all the principal Hotels and Restaurants in the City of New York.

Orders may be addressed to the Agent, at the Office, No. 55 Park Place, New York, or to the Vineyard, Passaic County, New Jersey.

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AND

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We are now prepared to supply First, Lime and Second Burnt Sand, delivered in Pittsburgh or Allegheny, from our Wharf, foot of SMITHFIELD STREET, BANK SAND for Building purposes, and WHITE ROCK SAND for Polishing Plate Glass, Marble, Stone, &c. Orders left at our Office, No. 84 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or at the Wharf, foot of Smithfield street, will receive prompt attention.

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FRENCH VINEGAR.

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The Daily Commercial

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Engine Roofing—Reports of Committees—Fire Department Matters—Resolutions Instructing Assessors to Assess Damages Occasioned by Opening Allegheny Avenue—Water Facilities—Nuisance at the Saloon and Bucket House—Wagons on the Market Square—The Cemetery Hill Well—The Re-Division of Councilmanic Wards—Payment of Firemen, etc., etc.

A regular and monthly meeting of the Allegheny City Councils, was held on Thursday evening, April 9th, 1868.

SELECT COUNCIL.

JOHN H. SHIRE - - - - - - - - - President.
D. WAGENHORST - - - - - - - - - Clerk.

Councils came to order at half-past seven o'clock.

The CLERK called the roll, when the following members answered to their names:

Messrs. Calvert, Ehrgott, Faulkner, Gwinner, Hall, Hartley, Hays, Hill, Hunter, Jeffery, J. C. Patterson, Keller, Weise, Wirsch, Brown, Colvin, S. Patterson, Rollin, S. D. Smith, Wm. Smith, Wetzel, and President Shire.

The reading of the minutes of the previous meeting, which were approved.

COMMON.

Mr. WEBER presented a petition from Finan & Jones, contractors, asking payment of a certain amount due by the city. Referred to Finance Committee.

Also, a petition providing for the grading and paving of a portion of Grant avenue. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. PATTERSON presented a petition for a water pipe on Gay alley. Referred to Water Committee.

Also, a petition for the grading and paving of Union avenue. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. WEBER presented a petition providing for the extension of Bidwell alley in the Second ward. A resolution accompanied the same, providing for the opening of the alley from Washington avenue to Franklin street. Adopted.

Mr. PATTERSON presented a petition for the grading and paving of Fulton street. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. WEBER presented a petition from the citizens of Butler alley, providing for the grading and paving of the same. Referred to the Street Committee.

Also, a petition providing for the grading and paving of Lindsey and Butler streets. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. FAULKNER, of the Committee on Railroads, presented their report, as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RAILROADS.

Your Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred the petition of Samuel Hamilton and others, praying for the privilege of laying a railroad track on Ohio street, from the Ohio river to the Allegheny river, have had the same under consideration, and have instructed me to report the following ordinance, and recommend its passage.

Accepted and resolution adopted.

Mr. S. D. SMITH presented the monthly report of the City Controller, S. S. Fahnestock, Esq., in which bills are submitted amounting as follows:

For general fund expenses - - - - - $
For Water Fund expenses - - - - - $
For Interest Fund expenses - - - - - $
For Sinking Fund expenses - - - - - $
For Contingent Fund expenses - - - - - $
For Grade Fund expenses - - - - - $
For Gas Fund expenses - - - - - $
For Market House expenses - - - - - $
For Bridge Fund expenses - - - - - $
For Cemetery Fund expenses - - - - - $
For Grand Total - - - - - $

Total to April 1st, 1867 - - - - - $
Total to April 1st, 1868 - - - - - $

The report was, on motion, accepted and the bills ordered to be paid.

The salary question was then taken up, and on motion of Mr. WEBER, the following ordinance was adopted:

Ordained and enacted, That the Superintendent of the Water Works shall receive for his services in giving due attention to the duties of his office, and in keeping the machinery and engines in repair, and in accounting and collecting the water rents, the sum of $1,500 per annum, and shall give his whole time to the said duties.

Ordained, That the Superintendent of the Fire Alarm Telegraph shall receive for his services, the sum fixing the grade of Fifth avenue, from Grant street, to Ninth, after some discussion, was confirmed.

The matter of the opening of Washington avenue was referred to the Street Committee.

THE WATER WORKS.

Mr. CALVERT presented a petition praying for the establishment of a ... to the fire plug in the yard of the water works in Duquesne Borough. Referred to Water Committee.

OTHER MATTERS.

Mr. WETHERILL offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the Committee on Streets be instructed to report an ordinance providing for the grading of Fifth avenue from Sedgwick street to Locust avenue.

Referred to Committee on Streets.

Resolved, That the Street Committee be instructed to report an ordinance providing for the grading of Washington place.

Adopted.

Resolved, That the Street Committee instruct the Water Committee to report an ordinance providing for the grade of Chamber street.

Adopted.

WATER WORKS.

Mr. BROWN presented a resolution instructing the Water Committee to inquire into and report upon the cost of the W. & C. R. R. Co., in regard to the expense of changing the laying of water pipes from Fremont to Desmond streets. Adopted.

STREET REPAIRS.

Mr. CALVERT presented a petition praying for the grading of block pavement on the street in Duquesne Borough. Referred to the proper committee.

REPORT OF STREET COMMITTEE.

Mr. S. D. SMITH presented the following report:

To the Select and Common Council of the City of Allegheny:

Your Committee on Finance would respectfully report that having had referred to them the petition of Jacob Hoffman and others, praying for the grading of Union avenue, from Washington avenue to Franklin street, have had the same under consideration, and would recommend the passage of the following ordinance:

Ordained and enacted, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby instructed to report an ordinance providing for the grading of Union avenue, from Washington avenue to Franklin street.

Mr. PATTERSON presented a petition for the grading and paving of Fulton street. Referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. WEBER presented a petition from the citizens of Butler alley, providing for the grading and paving of the same. Referred to the Street Committee.

Also, a petition providing for the grading and paving of Lindsey and Butler streets. Referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. FAULKNER, of the Committee on Railroads, presented their report, as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON RAILROADS.

Your Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred the petition of Samuel Hamilton and others, praying for the privilege of laying a railroad track on Ohio street, from the Ohio river to the Allegheny river, have had the same under consideration, and have instructed me to report the following ordinance, and recommend its passage.

Accepted and resolution adopted.

Mr. S. D. SMITH presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Finance Committee be instructed to report an ordinance providing for the payment of the Assessors and Solicitor employed in the assessment of damages for the opening of Allegheny avenue.

Mr. WEBER moved that the report be accepted and the resolutions adopted.

Mr. HARTLEY moved that the report be accepted and the resolutions adopted.

Mr. HARTLEY could not see the propriety of purchasing two horses for a fire company, as he thought one horse would be sufficient for that purpose.

Mr. CULLER said that it was an utter impossibility for one horse to pull the Columbia Engine, and it was necessary to have two.

Mr. HANNA moved that that portion of the report recommending the payment of salaries of the Superintendent of the Fire Alarm Telegraph and the Superintendent of the Telegraph Engineers be referred back to the Committee on Fire Engines. He thought the one man could act both as Superintendent of the Telegraph and Superintendent of the Fire Department.

Mr. WETHERILL said that to keep the Fire Alarm Telegraph in perfect order will require the entire attention of a Superintendent, and he thought that no man could work for three hundred dollars a year.

Mr. WENDELL said that if the telegraph worked as it was first recommended, it would not be necessary to pay a Superintendent nine hundred dollars a year.

Mr. CULLER said the telegraph required the whole attention of a man who understood the business.

Mr. HARTLEY said that the Chief Engineer could be taught in a very short time how to work the telegraph, and it would not be necessary to keep a superintendent.

The question was then put on the motion to accept the report and adopt the resolutions, with the exception of that in regard to the Superintendent of the Telegraph, which resulted in its adoption.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON WARDS.

Mr. HANNA, from the Committee on Wards, presented the report of that Committee, as follows:

To the Honorable the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny:

Your Committee on Wards beg leave to report the following ordinance, and recommend its passage:

Ordained and enacted by the authority of the Commonwealth and City of Allegheny, in Select and Common Councils convened, That Diamond Ward, Ward, Ward,